GET THE BASICS



Shingles Vaccine for Older Adults

Protect yourself against shingles. Adults aged 50 and older should get the shingles vaccine.

Shingles (herpes zoster) is a viral disease of nerves and skin that causes a blistering rash and pain in the area of the rash. It usually strikes older adults. It is caused by the chickenpox virus. If you had chickenpox when you were younger, you can get shingles because the virus lives in your system even after you recover.

All people aged 50 or older should get two doses of the shingles vaccine called Shingrix (recombinant zoster vaccine). This will help prevent shingles and its complications.

Get the second dose 2 to 6 months after the first dose. If you have a weakened immune system, you can get the second dose 1 to 2 months after the first dose.

You should get Shingrix even if in the past you:

- Have already had shingles
- Received a previous shingles vaccine called Zostavax*
- Received varicella (chickenpox) vaccine

If you have had shingles in the past, Shingrix can help prevent you from getting it again. There is no specific length of time that you need to wait after the acute stage of shingles is over before you can get Shingrix.

(continued on page 2)



Medicare coverage for the vaccine

Medicare Part B does not cover the shingles shot. <u>Medicare prescription</u> <u>drug plans (Part D)</u> cover the shingles vaccine, but there may be a cost. <u>Contact your Medicare drug plan</u> for more information.

Medicaid

The shingles vaccine could be covered by Medicaid. Contact your insurer for more information.

Vaccines are available at:

- Most drug stores
- Some health care providers



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The AGS Health in Aging Foundation is dedicated to improving the health, independence, and quality of life of all older people. We aim to empower older adults and caregivers to actively participate in their health care and decision-making.

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